

Methodological issues in inter-rater agreement in voice quality analysis

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1. Background of our research

- sociolinguistics, dialectology, general phonetics
- forensic speech analysis
 - comparison of general phonetic methods, acoustic measures & ASR approaches (AHRC grant, *Voice and Identity* 2015-19).
 - critical in forensic work for independent agreement on observations
 - establishing inter-rater agreement in VQ analysis
- using modified Laver/Edinburgh VPA protocol within casework

2. Outline

- establishing inter-rater agreement in VQ analysis
(San Segundo et al, *JIPA* 2018)
- methods
- findings
 - issues with Edinburgh VPA
 - outcomes of inter-rater analysis
- outlook



3. Methods

- recordings: **DyViS** corpus (Nolan et al 2009)
 - forensic research
 - simulated police interview ca. 10 minutes
- 100 young men, Standard Southern British English (RP)
 - rather homogeneous, not typical of whole population

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3. Methods

- 3 analysts – ESS, PF, JPF
- modified VPA used at J P French
- no pathological labels (4-6)
- grade 1 = slight (noticeable)
- grade 2 = marked
- grade 3 = extreme (not pathology)

| | FIRST PASS | | SECOND PASS | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------|-------------|----------------------------|---------------|------------|-------------------------|
| | Neutral | Non-Neutral | SETTING | Slight 1 | Mrkd. 2 | Extrm. 3 |
| A. VOCAL TRACT FEATURES | | | | | | |
| Labial | | | Lip rounding/protrusion | | | |
| | | | Lip spreading | | | |
| | | | Labiodentalisation | | | |
| | | | Extensive labial range | | | |
| | | | Minimised labial range | | | |
| Mandibular | | | Close jaw | | | |
| | | | Open jaw | | | |
| | | | Extensive mandibular range | | | |
| | | | Minimised mandibular range | | | |
| Lingual tip/blade | | | Advanced tongue tip/blade | | | |
| | | | Retracted tongue tip/blade | | | |
| | | | Fronted/raised tongue body | | | |
| Lingual body | | | Backed/lowered tongue body | | | |
| | | | Extensive lingual range | | | |
| | | | Minimised lingual range | | | |
| | | | Pharynx | | | Pharyngeal constriction |
| Pharyngeal expansion | | | | | | |
| Velopharyngeal | | | Nasal | | | |
| Denasal | | | | | | |
| Larynx height | | | Raised larynx | | | |
| | | | Lowered larynx | | | |
| B. OVERALL MUSCULAR TENSION | | | | | | |
| Vocal tract tension | | | Tense vocal tract | | | |
| Lax vocal tract | | | | | | |
| Laryngeal tension | | | Tense larynx | | | |
| Lax larynx | | | | | | |
| C. PHONATION FEATURES | | | | | | |
| | SETTING | Present | | Scalar Degree | | |
| | | Neutral | Non-neutral | Slight 1 | Mrkd. 2 | Extrm. 3 |
| Voicing type | Falsetto | | | | | |
| | Creaky | | | | | |
| | Whispery | | | | | |
| | Breathy | | | | | |
| | Murmur | | | | | |
| | Harsh | | | | | |
| | Tremor | | | | | |

3. Methods

- **stage 1:** 10 speakers
 - practice
- **stage 2:** calibration meeting
- **stage 3:** 99 speakers
 - first 10 redone blind
 - (1 technical problem)

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4. Issues with VPA

- our work raised various general issues with VPA conception & protocol (discussed also by others; summary in San Segundo et al 2018)
- **articulatory labels** but **perceptual** judgments
 - VQ as ‘an interaction between a listener and a signal’ (Kreiman & Sidtis 2011: 9)
- **neutral setting** as baseline
 - hypothetical, thus imaginary
 - difficult to avoid bias to dialect norms
 - e.g. slight nasality, creak & tongue fronting for SSBE

4. Issues with VPA

- **independence** of 30-40 individual settings
 - how well can analysts focus on them separately?
 - physical linkages and perceptual correlations
- e.g. lowered larynx & expanded pharynx

4. Issues with VPA

- **thresholds** of permanence
 - how frequent/widespread must a setting be to count?
- VQ = long-term quasi-permanent setting/timbre
 - but any setting is also tied to key segments
 - thus by definition any setting is **intermittent**
- we attributed effects as **segmental** where possible
 - if limited to 1-2 segments e.g. labiodentalisation of /r/

5.1 Outcomes: calibration

- calibration meeting: identified disagreement types & problems
- true error
 - analyst missed or mislabelled clear setting
- difficulty with distinctions
 - e.g. breathy~whisper
- systematic use of different labels for same percept
 - harsh phonation – tense larynx
 - retracted tongue body – constricted pharynx



5.1 Outcomes: calibration

- calibration meeting
- corrected the true errors
- established heuristics to
 - address systematic differences in scoring
 - combine perceptually equivalent labels
 - e.g. constricted pharynx & retracted tongue body
 - establish perceptual distinctions
 - e.g. whispery = higher friction, tension, poss. voicelessness
 - cf. breathy = lower friction, laxness

5.2 Outcomes: full analysis

- stage 3: full analysis of 99 speakers
- 3 analysts worked independently
- met to consider 3 versions
- agreed on mode rating if all within 1 scalar degree (1-2-2, 2-2-3...)
- re-listened collaboratively if:
 - difference in presence/absence (0-0-1, 0-1-1...)
 - wider disagreement (1-1-3, 1-3-3...)
 - apparent error

5.3 Outcomes: agreement

- inter-rater agreement
- no expectation of 100% agreement!
 - our VPA has 32 settings * 4 grades
 - logically $4^{32} = 1.84e^{19}$ combinations (> humans, < stars!)
- two classifications of results
 - absolute agreement
 - within 1 grade
 - Fleiss kappa statistic – quantifies agreement versus chance level

| | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|---------------|----|--------------|
| | absolute (%) | ± 1 grade (%) | | |
| Setting | mean | mean | N | Fleiss kappa |
| Overall agreement | 76 | 82 | 99 | |

| | absolute (%) | ± 1 grade (%) | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------|---------------|----|---------------|----------|
| Setting | mean | mean | N | Fleiss kappa | |
| Overall agreement | 76 | 82 | 99 | (> 0 is good) | |
| fronted tongue body | 36 | 60 | 98 | .01 | slight |
| tense vocal tract | 55 | 68 | 51 | .22 | fair |
| lax vocal tract | 59 | 70 | 43 | .29 | fair |
| lax larynx | 62 | 71 | 37 | .31 | fair |
| nasal | 43 | 72 | 92 | .13 | slight |
| advanced tongue tip | 59 | 73 | 56 | .35 | fair |
| lowered larynx | 67 | 76 | 43 | .41 | moderate |
| tense larynx | 67 | 76 | 47 | .34 | fair |
| breathy | 52 | 78 | 73 | .31 | fair |
| creaky | 46 | 81 | 83 | .31 | fair |
| raised larynx | 74 | 82 | 34 | .46 | moderate |
| harsh | 75 | 82 | 31 | .43 | moderate |
| whispery | 91 | 96 | 10 | .53 | moderate |

5.3 Outcomes: agreement

- all other settings 91-100% agreement
 - but $N < 10$ speakers
 - thus largely 0 scores
- NB: more frequent settings → lower agreement scores
 - easier to agree on absence than presence

5.3 Outcomes: agreement

- analyst pairwise ratings
- no striking differences between any pair of analysts
- we each acknowledged strengths, weaknesses, biases
 - e.g. PF: lax larynx, tense larynx, murmur
- team approach has clear benefit in addressing such issues

5.4 Outcomes: correlations

| positively correlated VPA settings | | Spearman's r | C |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|-----|
| *raised larynx | tense larynx | .62 | .58 |
| *harsh | tense larynx | .36 | .57 |
| *lax larynx | lowered larynx | .57 | .52 |
| creaky | lax larynx | .46 | .45 |
| advanced tongue tip | fronted tongue body | .38 | .41 |
| creaky | lowered larynx | .35 | .35 |

C = contingency coefficient, range 0-1

*noted by e.g. Beck (2007), but also predicted: lax lx \Leftrightarrow lowered lx \Leftrightarrow breathy/whispery

5.4 Outcomes: correlations

| negatively correlated VPA settings | | Spearman's r | C |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----|
| creaky | whispery | -.36 | .37 |
| lowered larynx | tense larynx | -.47 | .46 |
| creaky | raised larynx | -.43 | .44 |
| lax larynx | raised larynx | -.51 | .47 |
| lowered larynx | raised larynx | -.55 | .51 |
| lax larynx | tense larynx | -.66 | .57 |
| lax vocal tract | tense vocal tract | -.73 | .61 |

C = contingency coefficient, range 0-1

NB opposites, but they do occur... forensically very valuable

6. Summary & outlook

- team approach is not only possible but valuable
- agreement level overall is good, between each pair & all 3
- counters idiosyncrasies and biases
- calibration really helps
- focus on clearly notable features rather than exhaustive 32*4 grading



6. Summary & outlook

- supplementary settings in Beck (2007) potentially very helpful
 - not used here as ~acoustic or quantifiable
- holistic patterns
 - liveliness (wide f0 range + fast)
 - brightness, monotony, resonance
 - inconsistency in phonation

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| | | | Neutral | SETTING | moderate | | | extreme | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|--|-----------------|---------|----------|---|---|---------|---|---|
| | | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| D. PROSODIC FEATURES | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13. Pitch | Mean | | High | | | | | | | |
| | | | Low | | | | | | | |
| | Range | | Extensive range | | | | | | | |
| | | | Minimised range | | | | | | | |
| | Variability | | High | | | | | | | |
| | | | Low | | | | | | | |
| 14. Loudness | Mean | | High | | | | | | | |
| | | | Low | | | | | | | |
| | Range | | Extensive range | | | | | | | |
| | | | Minimised range | | | | | | | |
| | Variability | | High | | | | | | | |
| | | | Low | | | | | | | |
| E. TEMPORAL ORGANIZATION | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15. Continuity | | | Interrupted | | | | | | | |
| 16. Rate | | | Fast | | | | | | | |
| | | | Slow | | | | | | | |
| F. OTHER FEATURES | | | | | | | | | | |
| 17. Respiratory Support | | | Adequate | | | | | | | |
| | | | Inadequate | | | | | | | |
| 18. Diplophonia | | | Absent | | | | | | | |
| | | | Present | | | | | | | |

thank you, tack så mycket

questions?



[illegible]

| Setting | absolute agreement (%) | | | | agreement within dental degree (%) | | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|--------|--------|------|------------------------------------|--------|--------|------|
| | ES-PF | ES-JPF | JPF-PF | mean | ES-PF | ES-JPF | JPF-PF | mean |
| lip rounding | 96 | 96 | 100 | 97 | 96 | 96 | 100 | 97 |
| lip spreading | 94 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 94 | 95 | 95 | 95 |
| labio-dentalisation | 98 | 100 | 98 | 99 | 98 | 100 | 98 | 99 |
| extensive labial range | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| minimised labial range | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| close jaw | 96 | 96 | 100 | 97 | 96 | 96 | 100 | 97 |
| open jaw | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| ext. mandibular range | 99 | 99 | 100 | 99 | 99 | 99 | 100 | 99 |
| min. mandibular range | 96 | 96 | 98 | 97 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 |
| advanced tongue tip | 55 | 56 | 66 | 59 | 69 | 73 | 78 | 73 |
| retracted tongue tip | 92 | 99 | 92 | 94 | 93 | 99 | 92 | 95 |
| fronted tongue body | 33 | 43 | 31 | 36 | 51 | 69 | 62 | 60 |
| backed tongue body | 97 | 97 | 100 | 98 | 97 | 97 | 100 | 98 |
| ext. lingual range | 98 | 99 | 99 | 99 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| min. lingual range | 98 | 98 | 100 | 99 | 99 | 99 | 100 | 99 |
| pharyngeal constriction | 97 | 95 | 98 | 97 | 98 | 97 | 99 | 98 |
| pharyngeal expansion | 97 | 98 | 97 | 97 | 99 | 100 | 99 | 99 |